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Serial No. 10/806,667 Filed: March 23, 2004

## REMARKS

The Examiner is thanked for the thorough examination of the present application. The Examiner is also thanked for the courtesies extended during the telephonic interview of January 23, 2009, during which the current claim rejections and potential claim amendments were discussed. Independent Claims 1, 13, 23, and 27 have been amended to further define over the prior art. These amendments do not raise any new issues. The patentability of the claims is discussed below.

## I. The Claimed Invention

As recited in amended independent Claim 1, for example, the cryptographic device includes a cryptographic module and a communications module removably coupled thereto. More particularly, the cryptographic module comprises a first housing, a user network interface carried by the first housing, a cryptographic processor carried by the first housing and coupled to the user network interface, and a first connector carried by the first housing and coupled to the cryptographic processor. The communications module includes a second housing, a second connector carried by the second housing and removably mateable with the first connector of the cryptographic module, a network interface carried by the second housing and coupled to the second connector, and at least one logic device being polled by the cryptographic processor to determine a type of

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communications module and an operating status of the communications module.

Amended independent Claim 13 is directed to a related cryptographic device and further recites the user Local Area Network (LAN). Amended independent Claim 23 is directed to a related communications method, and amended independent Claim 27 is directed to a related communications system.

Independent Claims 23 and 27 have been amended similar to amended independent Claim 1 to recite the at least one logic device being polled by the cryptographic processor to determine a type of communications module and an operating status of the communications module. Independent Claim 13 has been amended to recite the at least one logic device for cooperating with the cryptographic processor to determine a type of communications module and an operating status of the communications module.

## II. The Claims Are Patentable

The Examiner rejected independent Claims 1, 13, 23, and 27 over Dhir et al. in view of Cheng. Dhir et al. is directed to a programmable integrated circuit, namely a field programmable gate array (FPGA), that can be used to handle different wireless local area network (WLAN) communication specifications. The integrated circuit includes a transceiver coupled to programmable gates, a memory coupled to the programmable gates for storing instructions for programming a first portion of the programmable gates with a selected one of a

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first type of a medium access layer and a second type of a medium access layer. The first type of the medium access layer is different from the second type of medium access layer, though both the first type of the medium access layer and the second type of the media access layer are compatible with the transceiver. The memory is configured for storing instructions for programming a second portion of the programmable gates as a baseband controller.

The Examiner correctly recognized that Dhir et al. fails to teach a cryptographic module and a communications module that are removably coupled to one another. The Examiner turned to Cheng to provide these critical deficiencies. particularly, the Examiner contended that Cheng discloses a cryptographic module and a communications module that are removably coupled to one another. Cheng is directed to an addon card for a computer that is detachable from the computer and allows the computer to communicate with both wired and wireless The add-on card includes an access control circuit, networks. volatile and non-volatile memory, a wireless transmission module, and a network connection module. The network connection module has both an antenna for communicating with a wireless network, and a standard network cable port for connecting to a wired network.

Independent Claims 1, 23, and 27 have been amended to recite that the at least one logic device is polled by the cryptographic processor to determine a type of communications

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module and an operating status of the communications module. Applicants submit that even a selective combination of the prior art fails to disclose at least one logic device <u>being polled</u> by the cryptographic processor to determine a type of communications module <u>and</u> an operating status of the communications module.

Instead, Dhir et al. discloses a field programmable gate array (FPGA) having a Carrier Sense Multiple Access (CSMA)/Time Division Multiple Access protocol detector 318 being coupled to the wireless LAN transceiver 301 to provide an indicator signal to memory 312 indicative of whether a received signal is a CSMA or TDMA signal. (See Dhir et al. Col. 8, lines 23-30). Indeed, nowhere in Col. 8, lines 23-30, or anywhere else in Dhir et al., does it disclose at least one logic device being polled by the cryptographic processor to determine a type of communications module and an operating status of the communications module. Additionally, Cheng fails to make up for these critical deficiencies.

The Examiner further turned to Cheng to support his contention that a selective combination of Dhir et al. and Cheng discloses the invention, as recited in the independent claims. In particular, the Examiner contended that Cheng "further disclose[s] the communication module comprising at least one of a type of communication module and an operating status," and referred to Figure 4, elements ANT2, PHY2, and the abstract, lines 6-11 of Cheng. As an initial matter, amended independent

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Claims 1, 23, and 27 recite the at least one logic device being polled by the cryptographic processor to determine a type of communications module and an operating status of the communications module, and amended independent Claim 13 recites the at least one logic device for cooperating with the cryptographic processor to determine a type of communications module and an operating status of the communications module.

Moreover, lines 6-11 of the abstract of Cheng disclose:

The network connection module has both an antenna for communicating with a wireless network, and a standard network cable port for connecting to a wired network. The network connection module can be detachable from the add-on card to allow for various network configurations.

Still further, ANT2 and PHY2 are an antenna circuit and a connecting circuit respectively, and have the same functions as ANT1 and PHY2. (See Cheng, Paragraph 0026). The antenna circuit ANT1 is connected to a radio frequency circuit 26C, which is positioned on the non-detachable portion, and can transmit radio signals in a wireless manner. Similarly, the connecting circuit PHY1 is connected to the MAC circuit, which is in the non-detachable portion. (See Cheng, Paragraphs 0019, 0020, and Figs. 2 and 4). Indeed, nowhere in the Examiner's cited portions of Cheng, or anywhere else in Cheng, does it disclose at least one logic device being polled by the

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cryptographic processor to determine at least one of a type of communications module and an operating status of the communications module or at least one logic device being polled by the cryptographic processor for cooperating with the cryptographic processor to determine at least one of a type of communications module and an operating status of the communications module. Accordingly, amended independent Claims 1, 23, and 27 are patentable.

Independent Claim 13 has been amended to recite the at least one logic device is for cooperating with the cryptographic processor to determine a type of communications module and an operating status of the communications module. Applicants submit that for at least the reasons set forth above with regard to amended independent Claims 1, 23, and 27, amended independent Claim 13 is also patentable.

Moreover, Applicants further submit that even a selective combination of the prior art fails to disclose the at least one logic device also permitting the cryptographic processor to configure the network LAN interface. Instead, programmable input/output blocks are provided with a radio and have configuration logic blocks coupled thereto. The configuration logic blocks are selectively programmed with a medium access control layer. (See Dhir et al., Col. 3, lines 1-17). Moreover, programmable logic fabric 120 of Dhir et al. includes fixed logic components embedded therein allowing high speed data processing. (See Dhir et al., Col. 4, line 67- Col.

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68, line 2). Still further, the wireless local area network transceiver 301, which the Examiner contended corresponds to the claimed network LAN interface, merely receives information from or provides information to antenna 336. (See Dhir et al., Col. 8, lines 23-30). Indeed, nowhere in Dhir et al. does it disclose the at least one logic device also permitting the cryptographic processor to configure the network LAN interface. Cheng similarly fails to disclose the at least one logic device also permitting the cryptographic processor to configure the network LAN interface. Accordingly, even a selective combination of the prior art fails to disclose the claimed invention, as recited in amended independent Claim 13.

Applicants further submit that the Examiner's combination of Dhir et al., and Cheng is improper, as a person having ordinary skill in the art would not turn to Cheng to combine with Dhir et al. to arrive at the claimed invention. More particularly, Dhir et al. is directed to a programmable logic device for a WLAN. The communications module and the cryptographic module are purposely on a single circuit board (330), as illustrated in Fig. 8 of Dhir et al. Combining Dhir et al. with Cheng so that the communications module and the cryptographic module would be removably coupled would require splitting the communications and cryptographic modules from the single circuit board.

Moreover, using Cheng as a motivation to modify Dhir et al. would result in arbitrarily dividing the circuitry of

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Dhir et al. between the antenna 336 and the WLAN transceiver 301, the antenna being outside the <u>circuit board</u> and downstream from both the communications and cryptographic modules. This is because Cheng discloses removably coupling the communications modules to a connector portion, including a physical connector and antenna. Accordingly, even if there was some proper motivation to combine Dhir et al. and Cheng, the claimed invention is not produced because the removable coupling is not between the communications module and the cryptographic module.

Still further, one of ordinary skill in the art would not turn to the programmable integrated circuit from Dhir et al. to combine with the add-on card for a computer that is detachable from the computer and allows the computer to communicate with both wired and wireless networks from Cheng. In other words, the Examiner is attempting to combine an FPGA for a wireless LAN with a PCMCIA network add-on card. Applicants submit that the Examiner is merely combining disjoint pieces of the prior art in an attempt to arrive at the claimed invention. Accordingly, it is submitted that the Examiner's combination of references is improper.

It is submitted that amended independent Claims 1, 13, 23, and 27 are patentable over the prior art. Their respective dependent claims, which recite yet further distinguishing features, are also patentable over the prior art and require no further discussion herein.

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## III. CONCLUSION

In view of the amendments and arguments provided herein, it is submitted that all the claims are patentable. Accordingly, a Notice of Allowance is requested in due course. Should any minor informalities need to be addressed, the Examiner is encouraged to contact the undersigned attorney at the telephone number listed below.

Respectfully submitted,

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